Exercise 61

Find the limits as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$. Use this information, together with intercepts, to give a rough sketch of the graph as in Example 12.

$$y = x^4 - x^6$$

Solution

To find the *y*-intercept, plug in x = 0 to the function.

$$y = (0)^4 - (0)^6 = 0$$

Therefore, the y-intercept is (0,0). To find the x-intercept(s), set y = 0 and solve the equation for x.

$$x^{4} - x^{6} = 0$$

$$x^{4}(1 - x^{2}) = 0$$

$$x^{4}(1 + x)(1 - x) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \text{ or } x = -1 \text{ or } x = 1$$

Therefore, the x-intercepts are (0,0) and (-1,0) and (1,0). Calculate the limit of the function as $x \to \pm \infty$. In the second limit, make the substitution, u = -x, so that as $x \to -\infty$, $u \to \infty$.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} y = \lim_{x \to \infty} (x^4 - x^6) = \lim_{x \to \infty} x^6 \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - 1\right) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1}{\frac{1}{x^6}} = \frac{0 - 1}{0} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} y = \lim_{u \to \infty} [(-u)^4 - (-u)^6]$$

$$= \lim_{u \to \infty} (u^4 - u^6)$$

$$= \lim_{u \to \infty} u^6 \left(\frac{1}{u^2} - 1\right)$$

$$= \lim_{u \to \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{u^2} - 1}{\frac{1}{u^6}}$$

$$= \frac{0 - 1}{0}$$

$$= -\infty$$

Below is a graph of the function versus x.

